





**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS.

**6.2 Environmental precautions**

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

**6.3 Methods of cleaning up**

Stop leak if possible to do so without risk to prevent further discharge. Pump liquid from bunds into undamaged storage tanks and containers. Contain spillage, then absorb spill into non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand or similar), collect and place in a suitable container for disposal. Rinse concrete areas afterwards and collect rinse water for disposal. Do not allow rinse water to enter bores, wells, sewers, stormwater drains and watercourses. If the area is not bunded and the leak cannot be stopped and/or liquid is flowing from site, construct a dam or earthen bund to prevent liquid product entering stormwater drains or watercourses. Use absorbent inert material, e.g. sand, soil, to soak up residual liquid.

**6.4 Reference to other sections**

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

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**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

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**7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas. This product when stored in a confined, unventilated space can give off ammonia odour and lead to the depletion of oxygen within this space. It is therefore essential that ventilation is carried out prior to entry to all confined spaces. Do not allow pumps to run dry and overheat. Bunding of liquid storage areas is recommended, particularly if in close proximity to drains and watercourses, as the product has the potential to cause environmental harm.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store in a dedicated clean tank. Avoid contamination with any chemical. Avoid evaporation of water from this product. Store away from incompatible materials which include strong acids, hypochlorites, bleach, pool chlorine, or chlorine based cleaning products. Alkalis will accelerate the evolution of toxic ammonia gas.

Storage Tanks: Stainless steel, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or fibreglass tanks are recommended. If mild steel tanks are used for long term storage, it is recommended that an epoxy or polyurethane coating be applied internally and to other surfaces that may come in contact with the fertiliser. Galvanised or concrete tanks are not suitable. Tanks must be suitably rated to account for the Specific Gravity of the products to be stored. Standard polyethylene water tanks are not recommended.

**7.3 Specific end uses**

No information provided.

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**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

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**8.1 Control parameters**

**Exposure standards**

No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

**Biological limits**

Ingredient	Reference	Determinant	Sampling Time	BEI
AMMONIUM NITRATE	ACGIH BEI	Methemoglobin in blood	During or end of shift	1.5% of hemoglobin

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**Engineering controls** Ensure adequate natural ventilation.

**PPE**

The selection of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should be based on a Risk Assessment of the task being performed and level of exposure. Normal work clothing may suffice where contact with the product is limited under well ventilated conditions where occupational exposure limits are not exceeded.

- Eye / Face**      Wear splash-proof goggles.  
**Hands**            Wear PVC or rubber gloves.  
**Body**             When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.  
**Respiratory**      Not required under normal conditions of use.

Wash splashed liquid from hands and exposed skin. Remove contaminated clothing and thoroughly wash the affected area. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or reuse. Ensure all PPE conforms to the relevant Australian Standards. Read the labels on the PPE.



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**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

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**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

<b>Appearance</b>	COLOURLESS LIQUID
<b>Odour</b>	AMMONIACAL ODOUR
<b>Flammability</b>	NON FLAMMABLE
<b>Flash point</b>	NOT RELEVANT
<b>Boiling point</b>	125°C
<b>Melting point</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>pH</b>	6.5 to 7.5 (10% solution)
<b>Vapour density</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Relative density</b>	1.25 to 1.35
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	SOLUBLE
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Upper explosion limit</b>	NOT RELEVANT
<b>Lower explosion limit</b>	NOT RELEVANT
<b>Partition coefficient</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Autoignition temperature</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Viscosity</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Explosive properties</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Oxidising properties</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Odour threshold</b>	NOT AVAILABLE

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**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

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**10.1 Reactivity**

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

**10.2 Chemical stability**

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**

Cold temperatures (as constituents will salt out at temperatures below freezing), high temperatures (as ammonia gas may evolve from the fertiliser solution) and fire conditions (which may cause the fertiliser to boil, evaporate and decompose). Residual material that crystallises following the evaporation of water from Flexi-N contains ammonium nitrate, which may explode by detonation, heat or shock. Ensure all equipment is thoroughly rinsed after use and before undertaking any hot repair work, e.g. welding or cutting. Do not allow pumps to run dry.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**

Incompatible with combustible materials, and reducing agents (e.g. sulphites). Reactive with mineral acids, chlorine, oxidising agents and alkalis. This liquid fertiliser is not compatible with copper, zinc, or their alloys (i.e., bronze, brass, galvanised metals, etc.), aluminum, mild steel, and concrete. Do not use the above materials of construction in handling systems, or storage containers for this product.

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

Fire will cause this liquid fertiliser to decompose, giving off acrid smoke and toxic and flammable fumes of nitrogen oxides, cyanuric acid, ammonia, carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

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**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

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**11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

**Acute toxicity** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Information available for the ingredients:**

Ingredient	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
AMMONIUM NITRATE	2217 mg/kg (rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (rat)	--
UREA	> 5000 mg/kg (rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (rat)	No data but expected to be low toxicity

<b>Skin</b>	Contact may result in irritation, redness, rash and dermatitis.
<b>Eye</b>	Causes serious eye irritation. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.
<b>Sensitisation</b>	Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	Not classified as a mutagen.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Not classified as a carcinogen.
<b>Reproductive</b>	Not classified as a reproductive toxin.
<b>STOT - single exposure</b>	Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with coughing.
<b>STOT - repeated exposure</b>	Not classified as causing organ damage from repeated exposure.
<b>Aspiration</b>	Not classified as causing aspiration.

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**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

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**12.1 Toxicity**

It is not anticipated to cause any adverse effects to plants or animals.

**12.2 Persistence and degradability**

No information provided.

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

No information provided.

**12.4 Mobility in soil**

No information provided.

**12.5 Other adverse effects**

Plant nutrients may be beneficial to plants at low levels, however high levels may cause reduced growth or burns in sensitive species. Excess may be washed through soil to waterways. Nutrients released to waterways may cause algal blooms, with potential for toxic effects on aquatic organisms.

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**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

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**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

**Waste disposal** Beneficial reuse is the preferred disposal option. Do not empty waste or rinse water into drains or allow spills to flow into or contaminate watercourses. If the fertiliser solution has been recovered from a bund and has not been contaminated, it can be used for its intended purpose, i.e. as a nitrogen fertiliser, either in fertigation programs or through a boom-spray. If insoluble materials are present, the fertiliser solution may need to be filtered before application to prevent blockages of filters and nozzles. Sand and soil that has been used to soak up residual or spilt liquid can also be spread for its nutrient value as a fertiliser. If the waste (liquid or absorbent material) has been contaminated with other harmful materials, e.g. fuel, oil or chemicals, it must be disposed of to an approved landfill or waste processing site. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required). Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

**Legislation** Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA**

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
<b>14.1 UN Number</b>	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
<b>14.2 Proper Shipping Name</b>	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class</b>	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
<b>14.4 Packing Group</b>	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.

**14.5 Environmental hazards**

Not a Marine Pollutant.

**14.6 Special precautions for user**

**Hazchem code** None allocated.

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**Poison schedule** A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

**Classifications** Safe Work Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS Revision 7).

**Inventory listings** **AUSTRALIA: AIIC (Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals)**  
All components are listed on AIIC, or are exempt.

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Additional information** EXPOSURE STANDARDS - TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGES: Exposure standards are established on the premise of an 8 hour work period of normal intensity, under normal climatic conditions and where a 16 hour break between shifts exists to enable the body to eliminate absorbed contaminants. In the following circumstances, exposure standards must be reduced: Strenuous work conditions; hot, humid climates; high altitude conditions; extended shifts (which increase the exposure period and shorten the period of recuperation).

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:  
The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

**HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:**

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

**Abbreviations**

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
CAS #	Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds
CNS	Central Nervous System
EC No.	EC No - European Community Number
EMS	Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods)
GHS	Globally Harmonized System
GTEPG	Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
LC50	Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration
LD50	Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose
mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
pH	relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).
ppm	Parts Per Million
STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit
STOT-RE	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
SUSMP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
SWA	Safe Work Australia
TLV	Threshold Limit Value
TWA	Time Weighted Average

**Report status**

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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